students who have passed Sr. Secondary and equivalent examination (Class-XII) from Delhi with 40 per cent or above marks are eligible for admission to various under-graduate course. As against this, the University has an intake capacity of 54,586 for admission to undergraduate courses in regular Colleges, Non-Collegiate Women's Education Board and the School of Correspondence Courses and Continuing Education. In addition, the University has also introduced various new courses in Delhi Colleges w.e.f. the current session 1989-90 with total intake capacity of about 500 students. There is also a proposal to start a College of Applied Sciences for Women in trans-Yamuna area by the Delhi Administration.

In addition to seeking admission in the five Colleges of Delhi University situated in the trans-Yamuna area, the residents of this area are free to seek admission in other colleges. As several student apply for admission to more than one course and in more than one college simultaneously and the process of admission is still on, the number of student who have applied for admission and the number who have been able to obtain admission cannot be stated precisely. However, the University has indicated that it should be in a position to absorb practically all the eligible candidates.

(c) and (d) There is no proposal to start post-graduate classes in College of East Delhi, (ii) The proposed "College of Applied Sciences for Women" would be a College for women only. (iii) and (iv) There are no proposals to construct hostel facilities in East Delhi, Auditorium in Shyam Lal College, Shahdara and a Swimming pool for students in East Delhi. It has been decided to introduce Honours Courses in Applied Psychology in Vivekanand Mahila College and Economics in Shyam Lal College (Evening) with an intake capacity of 30 students each in the current academic session. However, there is no proposal to increase the seats in the exiting subjects in these Colleges.

Indian Nationals in Jails of foreign countries

2835. SHRI LAL K. ADVANI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Indian nationals languishing in jails in different countries as on 31st December, 1988 country-wise; and how many of them are defence personnel in each case;

(b) the number of cases taken up by Government with the concerned countries for their release, country-wise; and

(c) the number of Indian nationals released by each country during the years 1987, 1988 and 1989 so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. NATWAR SINGH): (a) to (c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the table of the House.

Amounts due towards State Electricity Boards for coal Transportation

2836. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) the amount due towards various State Electricity Boards (SEBs) on account of coal transportation to them by Railways and what are the amounts due towards the Railways on account of power supply to the Railways by various State Electricity Boards, and how they compare; and

(b) whether an inter-ministerial committee went into the question of evloving a cost-based energy tariff

for railway traction; what is the text of the provisions of the Indian Electricity Act which came into the way and how did these provisions block the providing of the desired relief to the Railways?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) Details of amounts payable as on 31.5.1989 by State Electricity Boards to Railways are given in the statement attached. (See below)

Power supply bills are paid up by Railways within the stipulated time to avoid disconnection and penalty. No dues were outstanding on this account on 31.5.1989.

(b) Yes Sir. Section 78A(1) of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 is coming in the way. This Section reads as follows:

"In the discharge of its functions, the Board shall be guided by such directions on questions of policy as may be given to it by the State Government.".

In terms of this Section, the Central Government has got no powers to issue guidelines to the State Electricity Boards.

Statement

Amounts due towards State Electricity Boards for Coal transportation.

(Figures in Crores of Rs.)

S. No.	Name of State Electricity Board	Amount
1.	Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board	4.71
2.	Assam State Electricity Board	1.21
3.	Bihar State Electricity Board	4.14
4.	Delhi Electric Supply Undertaking	10.98
5.	Gujarat State Electricity Board	38.25
6.	Haryana State Electricity Board	31.03
7.	Karnataka State Electricity Board	1.68
8.	Maharashtra State Electricity Board	15.87
9.	Madhya Pradesh State Electricity Board	1.37
10.	Orissa State Electricity Board	0.01
11.	Punjab State Electricity Board	7.21
12.	Rajasthan State Electricity Board	1.06
13.	Tamil Nadu State Electricity Board	6.13
14.	U.P. State Electricity Board	71.81
15.	West Bengal State Electricity Board	8.65
	TOTAL	204.11